

Overflow Filler Operations Manual

V1.3

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.1	SAFETY	Page
	 GENERAL SAFETY ELECTRICAL SHOCK CONTACT MATERIALS COMPATIBILITY SAFETY COMPLIANCE LIABILITY 	3 3 3 4
	1.6 CONVENTIONS	4
2.1	MACHINE FEATURES & SPECIFICATIONS	
	2.2 INTRODUCTION	5
	2.3 FEATURES & BENEFITS	5
	2.4 PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS	5
3.1	INSTALLATION & START-UP	
	3.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURES	6
	3.3 START-UP & COMMISSIONING	6
4.1	MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENTS	
	4.2 THEORY OF OPERATION	8
	4.3 NOZZLE POSITIONING ANF FILL LEVELS	9
	4.4 CONTAINER GUIDE RAIL AND INDEXING GATE ADJUSTMENTS4.5 CONTAINER SENSOR ADJUSTMENTS AND LOCATIONS	10 11
	4.6 FILL BAR ADJUSTMENTS	11
	4.7 FILL HEAD, DRIP TRAY AND NECK LOCATOR ADJUSTMENTS	12
	4.8 DRIP TRAY HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT	12
	4.9 FILL HEAD AND DRIP TRAY HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT	13
	4.10 NECK LOCATOR ADJUSTMENT	13
	4.11 DIVE HEIGHT AND STROKE	14
5.1	LIQUID HANDLING	
	5.2 FLOAT SYSTEM	15
	5.3 PROCESS PUMP	16
	5.4 TANK DRAIN	16
6.1	ELECTRICAL	
	6.2 MAIN CONTROL BOX	17
	6.3 FRONT PANEL CONTROLS	17
	6.4 AIR SOLENOIDS	18
7.1	TROUBLESHOOTING	
	7.2 GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING	18
8.1	SERVICING	
	8.2 CLEANING PROCEDURE	19
9.1	FACTORY CONTACT INFORMATION	
	9.2 CONTACT APEX DIRECTLY	19

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

1.1 SAFETY

1.2 GENERAL SAFETY

Apex Filling Systems, LLC (APEX) manufactures and designs all of its products so they can be operated safely. However the primary responsibility for safety rests with those who use and maintain these products. The following safety precautions are offered as a guide that if conscientiously followed, will minimize the possibility of accidents throughout the useful life of this equipment. The safety of personnel, equipment and plant facilities should be considered during equipment operation and with each changeover of product, or any machine modifications.

Only those who have been trained and delegated to do so and have read and understood this operator's manual should operate the equipment. Failure to follow the instructions, procedures and safety precautions in this manual can result in accidents and injuries.

DO NOT modify the equipment except with written factory approval. Unauthorized equipment modifications will void the warranty.

Each day walk around the equipment and inspect for leaks, loose parts, missing or damaged components, and parts out of adjustment. Perform all recommended maintenance noted in this manual.

EQUIPMENT SHOULD <u>ALWAYS</u> BE DE-ENERGIZED (POWER AND AIR) BEFORE MAKING MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENTS.

1.3 ELECTRICAL SHOCK

To avoid electrical shock hazard, make sure this equipment is properly grounded.

Dangerous voltages are present within the electrical enclosures. DO NOT operate this equipment with electrical covers open or removed.

Keep all parts of the body, hand held tools, or other conductive objects away from exposed live-parts of the electrical system. Maintain dry footing and stand on insulating surfaces. DO NOT contact any portion of the equipment when adjusting or making repair to exposed live parts of electrical system.

Attempt repairs only in a clean, dry, well-lighted, and ventilated area.

1.4 CONTACT MATERIALS COMPATIBILITY

APEX endeavors to make all contact parts compatible with buyer's products, if known. Because of the wide variety of possible products, Apex Filling Systems, LLC cannot be responsible or liable for ensuring compatibility of contact material with the products. Evaluate material compatibility prior to machine use. Failure to follow this procedure can result in machine damage, fire, operator injury or death

1.5 SAFETY COMPLIANCE LIABILITY

APEX endeavors to make machinery as safe to operate as possible. National, state and local laws related to safety in the workplace apply primarily to the responsibilities of the employer, and not the equipment manufacturer. The seller agrees to cooperate with the buyer in finding feasible answers to compliance problems. However, because APEX has little control of the many factors which may significantly affect the environment in which this equipment is installed, the seller does not warrant this equipment to be in compliance with OSHA or any like state or local laws or regulations. It is the buyer's responsibility to provide the modifications necessary to assure compliance with the laws and regulations at the point of installation.

A complete inspection of product is necessary until the machinery is proven to produce acceptable results. This should also be performed after every changeover.

1.6 CONVENTIONS

To ensure the safety of personnel which will install, adjust, maintain and operate this equipment, it is imperative that they understand the dangers, warnings and caution notices. It is important to understand the *signal words* that may be used throughout this manual.

DANGER	Alerts to immediate hazard, which will result in death or severe personal injury, if not avoided
WARNING	Alerts to a hazard which will result in serious injury, or death in some cases, if not avoided.
CAUTION	Alerts to a potential hazard that may result in a serious personal injury, if not avoided. It also alerts against an unsafe practice that will permanently damage equipment or property.
IMPORTANT	Indicates a suggestion as to how to use or adjust the equipment for best product results.
NOTE	Points out a proper use that will avoid damage to the equipment, or will extend the life of the parts.

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

2.1 MACHINE FEATURES & SPECIFICATIONS

2.2 INTRODUCTION

APEX fillers are designed to be easy to setup and maintain, capable of providing years of reliable service. Versatile by design, APEX fillers can accommodate a wide variety of product and container configurations, often without the need for change parts. Modular design allows for fully automatic or semi-automatic systems. Tool-less adjustments are available, and allow for easy and quick changeover for various product and container combinations. Operator controls are easily accessed via the front panel of the unit.

2.3 FEATURES & BENEFITS

Easy Changeover

Simple mechanical adjustment for different bottle sizes. Quick to changeover, simple to use and easy to clean

Robust

Anodized aluminum and stainless steel shells, frames, legs and housings maximize the working life of your machine, and minimize maintenance costs and downtime

Customizable

Whatever the production need, APEX has a design to meet

Flexible

Versatility and Simplicity are intrinsic to the design. Many container sizes and shapes, and many products can be run on one machine

2.4 AIR SPECIFICATIONS & REQUIREMENTS

Compressed Air Consumption: Clean, dry (non-oiled) compressed air 80-100*psi*/ up to 20*cfm* depending on options *Refer to machine specific documentation if applicable.*

3.1 **INSTALLATION & START-UP**

INSTALLATION PROCEDURES 3.2

The filler assembly should be placed on a solid, level foundation, with the fill head mount bar centered over the container conveyor. The main filler frame should be leveled using threaded leveling pads or other suitable means to secure the equipment in place. Electrical connections should be properly terminated into the main electrical enclosure by properly trained technicians, and appropriate supply voltage, proper phase and adequate supply amperage should be verified prior to powering up the equipment.

START-UP & COMMISSIONING 3.3

This manual should be read completely before powering-up the machine. Commissioning of the machine should be performed by a trained technician only after complete understanding of the machine, and with products that match samples indicated to APEX Consultants, LLC if supplied. After the machine is adjusted for the bottle and product combination, the machine can be put into operation with the following steps.

Check the machine to see that guards are in place Check the mechanical system for loose or missing parts

- 1. Ensure the E-STOP button is depressed, and the unit is clear of personnel.
- 2. Remove any lock-out/tag-out devices and rotate the main power disconnect clockwise to ON

Figure 3-3 Main Air Disconnect and Filter Regulator

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com









Figure 3-2 Main Disconnect 4. Press the green Power Reset button to engage power to the control box (if equipped)



- 5. Verify that sufficient containers and product to be filled are available to be supplied to the filler
- 6. On the operator interface, press Cycle Start (or equivalent, depending upon controller used) to begin the container indexing and filling cycle.
- 7. If fill levels are incorrect, or machine indexing does not perform properly, refer to the appropriate mechanical adjustments (Sec 4.1) to rectify, or adjust the filling and indexing program timers (see controller manual for detailed adjustments)

1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

4.1 MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENTS

4.2 THEORY OF OPERATION

APEX automatic overflow fillers utilize a container conveying system, typically a flat tabletop chained conveyor, to move containers into and out of the filling area. Container location is precisely controlled with the use of guide rails, and indexed using either air cylinders (commonly referred as "gates" or "pins") to stop and release containers, or using starwheels designed per container, with pockets for container control.

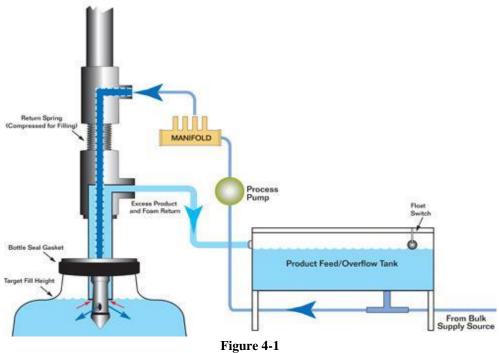
The fill cycle starts once the containers have been counted via an electrical sensor. Depending upon the equipped options, the drip tray retracts, the bottle neck locators extend, and a dive cylinder lowers the fill heads into the neck of the containers, sealing the neck openings airtight.

The process pump begins pumping product from the hopper tank, pressurizing the manifold, and begins to fill the containers. Product fills the containers until the levels meet the return side of the nozzle, and "overflows" back to the main hopper tank, or into a temporary product catch.

"Overflow filling" is most often used when the product dispensed volume is not as critical as the cosmetic filling levels.

Once the containers are full and the fill cycle has finished, the full containers are indexed out of the fill area to down-line operations (capping, labeling, etc), and empty containers are indexed in to the fill area, ready for the next fill cycle.

The graphics in Figure 4-1 & Figure 4-2 show the general method of overflow filling:



Overflow Process Diagram

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

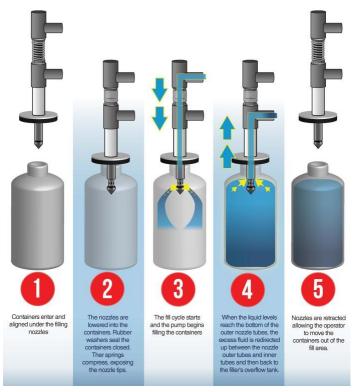


Figure 4-2 Fill Nozzle Product Flow

4.3 NOZZLE POSITIONING AND FILL LEVELS

Utilizing a container conveyor and indexing pins, indexed via starwheel, timing screws, or other method, containers are presented to the filler in a uniform manner to achieve repeatable results. It is important that containers are allowed to move freely through the fill area, and properly located to avoid spillage.

As shown in figure 4-2, the nozzles will fill the container until the product level reaches the return port, which will allow excess product and foam to flow freely out the lower (return port) product connection. Return tubing should be plumbed to be open to atmosphere, not submerged or blocked in any way.

Adjusting the distance between the product seal and the return port controls the final fill level. To lower the final fill level, simply remove extra spacer discs. To raise the final fill level, simply add more spacer discs. All fill nozzles should have the same spacing so that the nozzles can all fully compress during the fill cycle.

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

4.4 CONTAINER GUIDE RAIL AND INDEXING GATE ADJUSTMENTS

For containers to move properly down the conveyor, guide rails must be adjusted so that containers move smoothly, without binding, in a uniform manner. Guide rails will typically be set toward the base of the container for best results. Difficult-to-control containers may require an alternate setup (multiple rails, special containment, etc) to effectively control the location of the containers. Guide rails are typically adjusted in/out and up/down with turnbuckles which hold the guide rail rods in place, as shown in *Fig 4-3*.



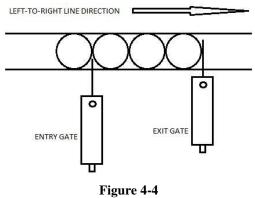
Figure 4-3 Guide Rails and Indexing Gates

Figure 4-3 shows a typical (left-to-right) set up of guide rails and indexing gates.

Containers are situated in the fill area by the **Entry Gate** and **Exit Gate** locations. The **gates** or **pins**, are mounted in place with L-brackets mounted to a sliding mount rail as shown, and are positioned and locked into place with standard nuts and bolts.

The **exit gate** is set so that it extends over more than half of the container diameter, so the containers are positively stopped during the indexing cycle. The **entry gate** only extends far enough to hold back incoming (empty) containers from moving past it, without affecting their position when extended, as shown in *Fig 4-4*.

Air cylinders are typically equipped with air flow control valves to adjust the speed which the cylinders will operate. Turn clockwise to slow the extension or retraction, counter-clockwise to speed.



Indexing Gate Positioning

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

4.5 CONTAINER SENSOR ADJUSTMENTS AND LOCATIONS

Sensors are positioned along the container path on the conveyor (such as shown in *Fig 4-5*) to count and/or verify the container position. A variety of sensors can be utilized, depending upon the type of container to be sensed (clear glass, plastic bottle, metal can, etc.) Sensors located prior to the fill area count the proper number of containers entering the fill area and verify sufficient containers are available prior to the fill area. Sensors located downstream from the fill area will sense if a backup has occurred, and will pause the fill operation until the backup or jam has cleared.



Figure 4-5 Typical Container Sensor

Ratcheting Knob Drip Tray Mount Adjustment Bolts Drip Tray Mount Rail

Figure 4-6 Fill Bar and Drip Tray In/Out Adjustment

The fill bar should be centered over the container conveyor so the fill heads line up above the container necks. The fill bar is adjusted forward and backward by loosening either the ratcheting knob or hex head bolt which locks the horizontal mount shaft. If equipped, the drip tray mount bar will be separately attached to remain stationary while the fill bar and fill heads dive into the containers.

4.6 FILL BAR ADJUSTMENTS

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

4.7 FILL HEAD, DRIP TRAY AND NECK LOCATOR ADJUSTMENTS

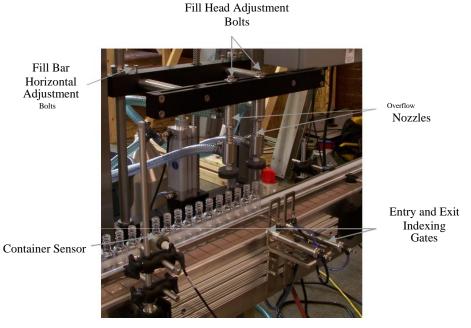


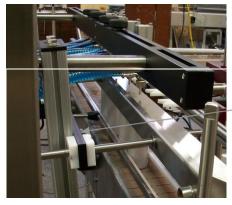
Figure 4-5 Spacing Adjustments

Fillheads can be adjusted side to side by loosening the adjustment bolts or knobs and sliding the heads so they are aligned with the container necks. Likewise, if equipped, the neck locator fingers can be adjusted to positively contain the container necks against the neck rail.

When overflow nozzles are utilized, the outer diameters of the nozzles should be as close to the container's opening as possible for the overflow to work properly.

4.8 DRIP TRAY HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT

The drip tray should be adjusted so that, when extended, it is slightly below the bottom of the nozzle tips. For an overflow filler setup, the heads should be in the **up** position when adjusting the drip tray height.



Drip Tray Mounts

Figure 4-6 Drip Tray Height Adjustment

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

Overflow Filler Operations Manual

4.9 FILL HEAD AND DRIP TRAY HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT

At the top of the filler frame is an adjustment wheel which allows the operator to quickly adjust the height of the fill bar and fill heads to match the container height. The height should be adjusted so that the drip tray slightly clears the top of the containers.

4.10 NECK LOCATOR ADJUSTMENT

Neck Locator Depth Adjustment Bolts

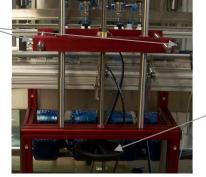


Figure 4-8 Neck Locator Adjustments



Figure 4-7 Fill Bar Height Adjustment

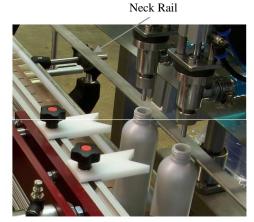


Figure 4-9 Neck Rail

At the bottom of the (optional) neck locator assembly is an adjustment wheel which controls the height of the neck locator mount bar. This should be adjusted so the neck locator fingers are at an appropriate location on the container to control the neck location. The neck locator mount bar can be adjusted in or out by loosening the adjustment bolts on each horizontal shaft, and sliding as necessary. With the air cylinder extended, adjust the depth of the neck locator bar so that the neck locator fingers gently make contact with the container neck. It is not necessary for the neck locators to clamp tightly onto the neck, but to guide and contain the neck between the locator fingers and the neck rail. The neck rail should be adjusted to the same height as the locator fingers to properly contain the neck during the fill cycle.

Neck Locator Adjustment Wheel

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

Apex Filling Systems, LLC reserves the right to make changes to any products or technology herein to improve reliability, function or design. Apex Filling Systems, LLC does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product described herein; neither does it convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.

Page 13 of 21

4.11 DIVE HEIGHT AND STROKE ADJUSTMENT



Adjusting the dive stroke exposes pinch points which can cause serious injury. Ensure that all personnel are clear of the equipment when making adjustments. Verify no electrical cords or pneumatic tubing is in the path of the cylinder or bearings.

Locking Collar

On each upright (vertical) support/slide shaft is a locking collar which sets the highest point which the fill bar will raise between fills. Each collar should be set at the same height to avoid binds.

To set the proper dive height and stroke:

- 1. Raise the Fill Bar with the adjustment wheel high enough so containers can pass under the nozzle tips
- 2. Ensure the fill area is clear of containers and any other obstructions.
- 3. Ensure containers are present under each fill head, and the fill heads are aligned above the containers
- 4. If equipped, ensure the drip tray is retracted, and extend the neck locators



Figure 4-10

5. Manually dive the Fill Bar through the operator interface Upper Diving Head Stop

6. Using the Fill Bar Adjustment Wheel, lower the fill heads until each overflow nozzle's spring is completely compressed.



For an overflow nozzle to work properly, the nozzle height must be set so the springs will be fully compressed when filling

- 7. Set each locking collar above the top of each vertical shaft bearing at the distance which the cylinder will need to dive into the containers
- 8. Manually raise the dive cylinder through the operator interface so the nozzles rise from the containers
- 9. Ensure that both locking collars are at the same height (the slide bearings should contact them at the same time)
- 10. Ensure that containers are able to freely move underneath the nozzle tips while nozzles are raised



Figure 4-11 Nozzle Fully Compressed

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

5.1 LIQUID HANDLING

5.2 FLOAT SYSTEM



Figure 5-1 Product Float Switches

Inside the (optional) hopper tank is a dual float system which maintains the product level to feed the fill process pump. When the product is supplied to the hopper tank up to the level which the Main Float Switch moves to its upper stop, the product inlet will close and/or the supply pump will turn off. During normal use, only the Main Float should be used. In the event of a sensor, solenoid or valve failure which causes extra product to be provided to the hopper tank, the Backup Float should be activated, causing a fault on the operator interface, and stop the filling and indexing process, so the error can be corrected.

Float switches are reversible. If the float ball is removed, and re-installed upside-down, it will send reversed signals to the controller, causing a fault, or possibly overflowing the hopper tank. It is important to verify proper orientation after cleaning or disassembly to avoid problems.

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

5.3 **PROCESS PUMP**

Feeding the nozzles is a process pump, generally mounted on the rear of the filler. This pump is responsible for pressurizing the inlet side of the nozzles, generally using a manifold so all nozzles are pressurized equally.



Figure 5-2 Process Pump

5.4 TANK DRAIN

A manual (optional automatic/controlled) drain valve secured to the bottom of the tank is available for cleanout and changeover.

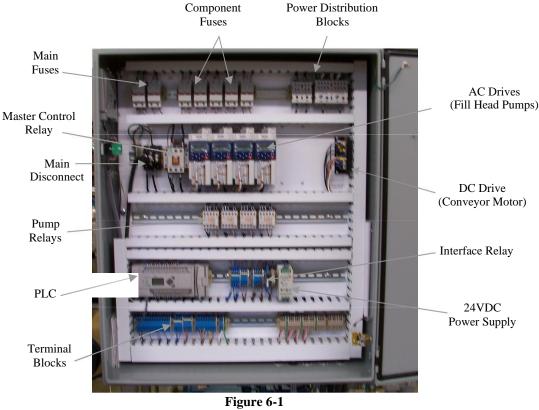


Figure 5-3 Manual Tank Drain Valve

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

6.1 ELECTRICAL

6.2 MAIN CONTROL BOX



Main Control Box

A typical 4 head pump filler control box is shown in *Figure 6-2* for reference. Similar components and layouts will be used, regardless of the actual filler type.

6.3 FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

In addition to an Emergency Stop button and the main Power Reset button/indicator, the front panel operator interface generally provides access to conveyor speed potentiometer as well.

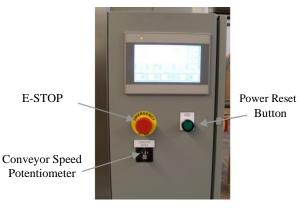


Figure 6-2 Front Panel Controls

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

Air solenoids, typically mounted to the side, or rear, of the main control box, provide pneumatic logic control for the machine operation. An electrical signal, sent from the PLC, activates the solenoid attached to the air valve, switching the air pressure from one port to the other, extending or retracting the connected air cylinder (indexing gates, dive cylinder, drip tray cylinder, etc)

Solenoids may be manually activated by pressing the orange button located on the face of the solenoid assembly to assist with troubleshooting.



Figure 6-3 Air Solenoids

7.1 TROUBLESHOOTING

7.2 GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING

SYMPTOMS	POSSIBLE RESOLUTIONS		
	Verify inlet power is active		
Machine does not power-up	Verify Main Disconnect is rotated to ON		
	Check Main Fuses or Circuit Breakers		
	Check that float system is properly supplying the hopper tank		
	Verify sufficient air pressure is available		
Fill levels are inconsistent	Verify that each nozzle has the same nozzle spacers		
	Check nozzle striker seals for inconsistencies.		
	Replace nozzle seals if worn.		
	Verify fill nozzles have no clogs, clean if needed		

8.1 SERVICING

8.2 CLEANING PROCEDURE

It is important that the machine is kept clean of dirt, broken glass, sand, etc. as these will reduce the wear life of the air cylinders and pump seals, o-rings, etc. The machine should be cleaned with water or soap at regular intervals. Stronger detergents are often used in the food industry and can be corrosive on the machine components. Therefore, the machine should be washed down thoroughly immediately after cleaning with any harsh detergents.



WARNING: When using a high-pressure pistol with cold and hot water, or steam for cleaning, do not spray near any electrical enclosures.

If the machine is to sit dormant for more than 48 hours (or less, depending upon the product) it is good practice to completely flush the product lines, pumps, and fill heads with clean water. If solvent is needed to dissolve product effectively, it is equally important to flush with clean water after cleaning product residue. Harsh detergents and solvents can harm seals and tubing and should be cleared from the system.

Components	Daily	Weekly	Quarterly
Wipe down nozzle contact parts and conveyor chain.	Х		
Visually inspect the machine for any leaks or damaged parts.	х		
Flush out and wash the tank and hoses. Daily if product is a harsh chemical, weekly otherwise.	Х	x	
Wipe down air cylinder rods to help with wear on the seals		Х	
Inspect any seals on the machine for wear.		Х	
Complete washdown and flush of the machine.			Х
Visually inspect pump, check seals for any wear.			Х

9.1 FACTORY CONTACT INFORMATION

9.2 CONTACT APEX DIRECTLY

Apex Filling Systems, LLC

1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, Indiana 46360 USA (219) 575-7493 www.apexfilling.com **Spare Parts Direct:** 1-219-402-0211 **Fax:** (219) 575-7586

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

Apex Filling Systems, LLC 1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com

NOTES

Apex Filling Systems, LLC

1001 Eastwood Road Michigan City, IN 46360 www.apexfilling.com